Year 3 Quick Starts - Subtraction

Vocabulary:

25.

$$50-25 = 25$$
.

find the difference between 65 and 24.

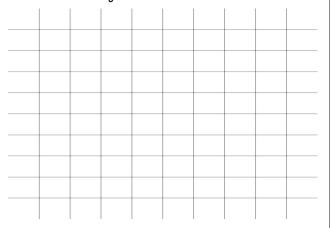
Mental maths

Work out...

Miss Lancaster has 27 books. She sells 8 books at school. How many books did she not sell? $_$

Written method— column method Example: find the difference between 50 and subtraction. *do you need to borrow and exchange? "Remember me!" steps.

A—no steps)
$$89 - 37 =$$



Year 3 Quick Starts - Addition

- I have 25 books. You have 72 books. How many books are there altogether?
- 2. There are 23 children in Year 3, 29 in Year 4 and 28 in Year 5. How many children are there in total?

Written method— column method subtraction. * do you need carry across and.... "Remember me!"

A)
$$78 + 21 =$$

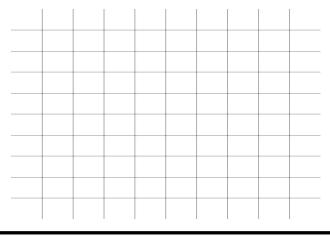
$$B)893 + 59 =$$

$$C)327 + 713 =$$

Mental maths

Work out...

Challenge: find a receipt (or make a shopping list and give each item a price), can you work out the total cost?



Quickstarts

I. What is the value of the underlined number?

1<u>3</u>7

2. Circle the multiples of 3

12

23

33

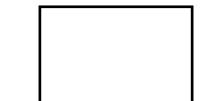
37

3. Complete the numbers in the sequence: 20, 24, 28, _

5. What is 100 more than 871?

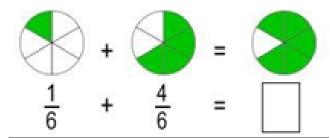
6. What is 100 less than 113?

What is 554 + 279? Show your working out in the box below.



8. What is 663—326? Show your working out in the box below.





10. Circle the calculation you would use for the word subtract

X

÷

Writing Task based on Ancient Greece work:
Write a set of instructions for making a Greek salad. Organise your writing with a title, subheadings, pictures (if you wish). Include an introduction, 'What you will need' and the steps to making the salad. Use imperative ('bossy') verbs and time connectives (e.g. first, secondly, thirdly, next, after that, finally). Your steps
could be written using bullet points or numbered e.g. 1-8, or A) B) C)

Research Task:		
Our topic this term is Going for Gold, based around sports and the Olympics. Could you research a famous British Olympic athlete and what they have achieved? Can you find out more about the sport they do? You can then look at a famous international Olympic athlete & make a comparison!		

Reading Comprehension: Fiction

Bellerophon, the Chimera and Pegasus

The dreaded Chimera, was a 3 headed monster that breathed fire lived in Caria.. The monster caused great havoc - killing and terrorizing the area. As his people were suffering, King Iobates wished to put an end to it.

Soon, as luck would have it, a gallant young warrior called Bellerophon came into his court. Bellerophon was the son of a mortal and, some would say, Poseidon, God of the Oceans. King Iobates saw an opportunity to solve his country's monster problem. He decided to send Bellerophon on what he thought to be an impossible mission to fight the mythical monster, the Chimera. But being the son of the mighty sea God, Poseidon, maybe – just maybe Bellerophon would have a chance...

Bellerophon accepted the challenge, but first consulted the soothsayer Polyidus. Polyidus advised him to seek, if possible, the horse Pegasus to help him defeat the Chimera. The soothsayer directed Bellerophon to spend the night in the temple of Aries, god of War. He did this, and Aries placed a golden bridle in his hand while he slept. When he awake, Aries showed him Pegasus drinking from the well of Pirene. As soon as Pegasus saw the bridle, the winged steed came willingly and allowed himself to be taken. Bellerophon, mounting, rose with him into the air, soon finding the Chimera.



Flying above, the warrior rained arrows on the creature only to have their tips melt in the raging inferno departing from her maw. The beast was too strong, and even with the help of Pegasus, Bellerophon was nearly overpowered. Feeling the great heat on the breath of the mythical creature, he was struck by an idea. Thinking quick (and just in time), he attached a lump of lead to the point of his spear and thrust it into the Chimera's jaws. The lead melted on her fiery breath and trickled down her throat to close off her airway – suffocating her.

Bellerophon returned victorious to King Iobates. But Iobates didn't believe his story and sent him of onto further quests.

Bellerophon became known as the greatest hero and slayer of monsters in his time. Unfortunately, all this hero business went to his head. He felt he was deserving of a great many things which in the end only brought him misery... but that is a tale for another time.

Reading Comprehension: Greek myth.

1. Summarise: Order the events of the story in the correct order.

King Iobates, sent Bellerophon on an impossible mission to kill the Chimera.	1
The Chimera melted the lead in her throat, and died.	
Bellerophon slept in the temple of Athena. The goddess left him a golden bridle which meant he could catch Pegasus.	
The Chimera was a monster that was terrorizing Caria.	
Bellerophon attached a lump of lead to his spear, and thrust it into the Chimera's jaws.	
Bellerophon went to the soothsayer, Polyidus, who advised him to seek Pegasus in order to kill the Chimera.	
Flying on Pegasus, Bellerophon rained arrows down on the Chimera.	

2. Retrieval:

- A) In the first paragraph, find a word that means 'chaos'.
- B) Match the word to the correct synonym in the table below.

gallant	task
mission	brave
victorious	successful

- C) True or false? Athena gave Bellerophon a silver bridle.
- D) In paragraph 3, find another word that means 'horse'.
- E) Bellerophon became known as the greatest hero alongside which other 2 heroes?
- 3. Inference: Look at the illustration.

What do you think is happening at this point in the story?

- 4. Make a prediction. What do do you think these characters will do next?
- A) Bellerophon
- B) Pegasus