Y5 Autumn Term Quick Starts

	Divide by 10	Divide by 100	Divide by 1000
4739			
4872			
763			
34			

Y5 Autumn Term Quick Starts

	Divide by 10	Divide by 100	Divide by 1000
9383			
2343			
23			
345			

6373 ÷ 13 =	8372 + 3.89 =	48 - 5.54 =	134 x 46 =
10 % of 8900 _	10% of 540	30% of 730	25% of 8000
	1/4 of 40 3/9 of 81 _	5/7 of 35	

Y5 Autumn Term Quick Starts

	Divide by	Divide by	Divide by 1000
	10	100	
4374			
4958			
675			
46			

6373 ÷ 14 =	2738 + 5.19 =	68 - 3.44 = _	134 × 56 = _	
10 % of 7800 ₋	10% of 230_	30% of 890	25% of 2000_	
	1/5 of 30 3/5	of 60 4/6	of 36	

Y5 Autumn Term Quick Starts

	Divide by 10	Divide by 100	Divide by 1000
3647			
4383			
384			
45			

Y5 Autumn Term Quick Starts

	Divide by 10	Divide by 100	Divide by 1000
3784	10		
4534			
983			
7882			

2356 ÷ 13 =	8212 + 52.23	=	78 - 3.44 =	_ 143 x 42 =	
10 % of 7800 ₋	10% of	430	40% of 360	50% of 8000	
	1/2 of 40	_ 3/8 of 64 _	2/7 of 35 _		

Y5 Autumn Term Quick Starts

	Divide by	Divide by	Divide by 1000
	10	100	
6573			
772			
982			
22			

3845 ÷ 14 =	434 + 52.29 =	33 - 3.82 =	146 × 62 =	
10 % of 8900 ₋	10% of 490_	40% of 230_	50% of 2000	_
	1/6 of 30 3/4	4 of 60 4/8 d	of 32	

Writing Task:
Write a character description. Describe a character from you favourite book. What do
you look like? How do they behave? What is unique about them?

Research Task:
Your topic next half term is WWII. Please can you research facts and be prepared to share these in class. This week's research task is to find out about different countries
involved in the Second World War, who was on each side, who led the country at the
time and what were they fighting for?

Winston Churchill Fact File

Winston Churchill is one of Great Britain's most famous statesmen and Prime Ministers because he was the British leader twice and he also led Britain to victory in the Second World War.

Early Life

He was born Winston Leonard Spencer-Churchill on 30th November 1874 at Blenheim Palace (the seat of his grandfather, the 7th Duke of Marlborough) in Oxfordshire. His father was Lord Randolph, a Conservative politician, and his mother was Jeanette, Lady Randolph Churchill. When he was 13, he only managed to make the lowest class at Harrow school, so his father put him in the army class to prepare for a career in the armed forces.

Early Career

He commenced his army career as a cadet in 1893 at Sandhurst, after having three attempts to pass the entrance exam. He eventually became a cavalry officer and war reporter, spending his 21st birthday working in Cuba. In 1898, he went to fight in the Sudan but he knew that politics was his first love and his aspiration. He, therefore, spent time following the news from home and reading past parliamentary debates that his mother sent to him. Winston Churchill Fact File

Famous Churchill Quotes:

- "Success is not final, failure is not fatal: it is the courage to continue that counts."
- "Success consists of going from failure to failure without loss of enthusiasm."
- "Never in the field of human conflict was so much owed by so many to so few."
- "We shall defend our island, whatever the cost may be, we shall fight on the beaches, we shall fight on the landing grounds, we shall fight in the fields and in the streets, we shall fight in the hills; we shall never surrender."

Into Politics at Last!

At the 1900 general election, he became a Member of Parliament (MP) for Oldham and he made his first speech in Parliament in 1901. He always prepared well and used notes to help attempt to overcome his lisp. Meanwhile, in his private life, he married Clementine in 1908 and they went on to have five children.

Rising to the Top

By 1910, Churchill had become Home Secretary and was in charge of the Royal Navy. He then spent a short amount of time as Chancellor of the Exchequer, in charge of the country's taxes and money. The initial part of the Second World War in 1939 did not go well for Britain and in 1940, Britain needed a new Prime Minister. That was to be Winston Churchill.

<u>Later Life</u>
Churchill led Britain through the Second World War with his direction, his 'V for victory hand sign and his many famous speeches. However, not long after the war, Britain needed a change and the Conservatives lost power. Churchill kept up with his writing. A second chance to lead the country came round when the Conservatives were re-elected to power and Churchill was Prime Minister once more from 1951 to 1955. Even after that, he continued to be an MP until 1964. In 1965, he died aged 90. He is buried in a small churchyard in Oxford and his headstone reads: 'Remember Winston Churchill'.
Tasks:
Highlight the main ideas in the text. Using this information, write a summary of the text in the space below.

Reading Questions: ١. What does MP stand for? 2. In the 'Early Career' paragraph, the author uses the word 'attempts'; write two or more synonyms for this word. 3. In the government, of what is the Chancellor of the Exchequer in charge? Why did Churchill follow the news from home while he was in the Sudan? 5. The author uses the subheading 'Into Politics at Last!' for one of the paragraphs. Why has the author used the phrase 'at last' and an exclamation mark? 6. Find an example of a fronted adverbial in the text. 7. On what exact date was Churchill in Cuba? 8. In the Famous Churchill Quotes section, what does the word 'fatal' mean? q. In the 'Rising to the Top' paragraph, what does the word 'initial' mean? 10. Churchill is famous for his quotes; what do you think about the ones here? Have any of them made you think, and why? Which do you like best? Commas around embedded relative clauses Relative clauses give the reader extra information about the subject of the sentences. Embedded relative clauses are in the middle of the sentence and split up the main clause. They need to have commas before and after them. Example: Miss Brady, who is a teacher, likes reading books. Add commas before and after the embedded relative clauses in the sentences below Joseph who is 10 years old can run 5km in under 30 minutes. The dog that was waiting for its food barked loudly. The cake which contained chocolate chips was almost ready. Write your own range of sentences that contain embedded relative clauses—remember to use commas before and after!